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Nakamura et al.

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(54) COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND SERVER

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(30) Foreign Application Priority Data

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(51) **Int. Cl.**

H04W 4/16 (2009.01) **H04L 29/06** (2006.01)

(Continued)

(52) U.S. Cl.

(Continued)

58) Field of Classification Search

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Primary Examiner — Kyung H Shin (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Foley & Lardner LLP

(57) ABSTRACT

A communication system and server includes a first memory for storing terminal information of a first terminal and a second terminal, a second memory for storing outgoing call history information of at least either the first terminal or the second terminal, a third memory for storing incoming call history information of at least either the first terminal or the second terminal; and a processing unit for reading out the information from the first memory to control at least either information of the second memory or the third memory in accordance with information contained in a notification from the communication device when setting the connection between at least either the first terminal or the second terminal and the communication device, therefore, two parties to be communicated with each other specify a connection terminal of a call source.

13 Claims, 26 Drawing Sheets



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(30)	References Ched	Japan Patent Office action on application 2014-147312 mailed Apr.
	U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS	28, 2015; pp. 1-3.
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FIG. 1

Web SERVER

SOAP-SIP ADAPTER
(COMMUNICATION DEVICE)

N1

NGN

SIP
SERVER

3

HGW

HGW

HGW

TERMINAL

5b

TERMINAL

5c

FIG. 2

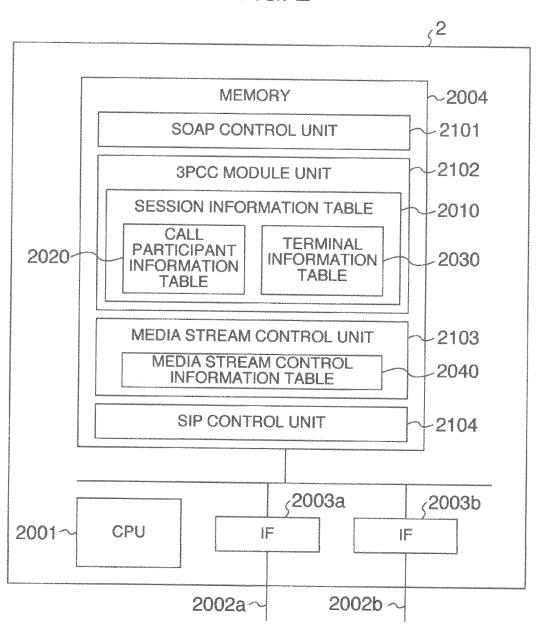


FIG. 3A

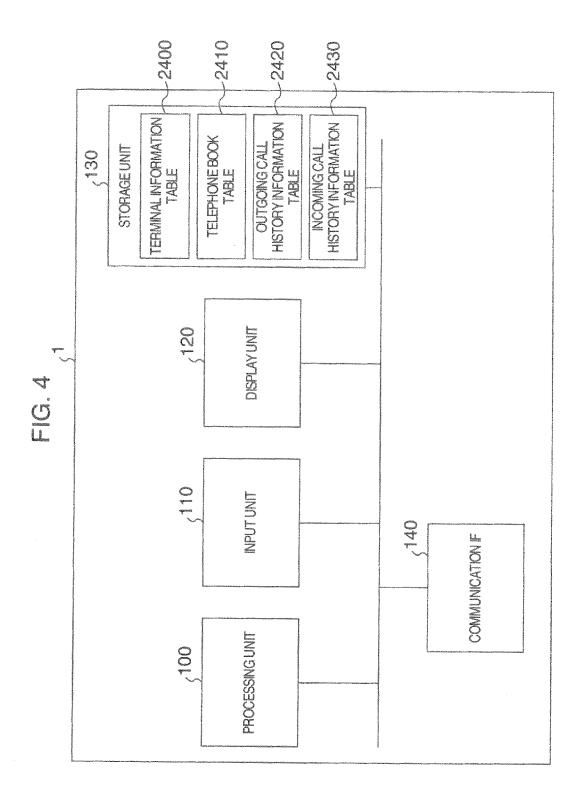
8	₅ 2010	2010_1	2010_n
2011~	sessionID	123456	atam da
2012~	SESSION CONDITION	Connected	
2020~	CALL PARTICIPANT CONDITION	*FIG. 3B	
2030_A~	TERMINAL INFORMATION (FOR Client A)	*FIG. 3C	
2030_B~	TERMINAL INFORMATION (FOR Client B)	*FIG. 3C	

sip:33333333@clientB.com CallParticipantConnected 2010.10.08 10:30.45 sip:22222222@clientA.com CallParticipantConnected 2010.08.22 10:30.30 CALL CONDITION START TIME 5

FIG. 3C

	₅ 2030	2030_A	_{ 2030_B
2031~	HANDLE VALUE	987654	765432
2032~	sessionID	123456	123456
2033~	TERMINAL CONDITION	CallComplete	CallComplete
2034~	Role	UA-A	UA-B
2035~	send SDP INFORMATION	10.0.1.1 10000	10.0.1.1 10000
2036~	recv SDP INFORMATION	10.0.2.1 20000	10.0.2.2 30000
2037~	From URI	sip:1111111111 @SSA.com	sip:1111111111 @SSA.com
2038~	To URI	sip:222222222 @clientA.com	sip:3333333333 @clientB.com

FIG. 3D 2040_1 ---- 2040 n (2040 2041^ sessionID 123456 2042~ MEDIA STREAM TRANSMISSION/ 10.0.1.1 RECEPTION IP ADDRESS 10000 2043~ MEDIA STREAM TRANSMISSION/ RECEPTION PORT NUMBER 2044~ **DESTINATION IP ADDRESS 1** 10.0.2.1 2045~ **DESTINATION PORT NUMBER 1** 20000 2046~ **DESTINATION IP ADDRESS 2** 10.0.2.2 2047~ 30000 **DESTINATION PORT NUMBER 2**



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	inger of the second						
2401~ USER ID	OSER ID	1000	0001	0002	0003	0004	440 400 400
2402/	2402~ TERMINAL ID	5	02	0	5	5	932
2403~	2403~ TERMINAL NAME	FIXED	MOBILE	MOBILE	MOBILE	MOBILE	OCOS OSCI INCIDENTAL CONTRACTOR OSCI INCIDENTAL
~ 50 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	2404~ TELEPHONE NUMBER	031111111	0901111111	0902222222	09033333333	0904444444	, see - 4000
2405~	2405~ Correlator			22222222- 12ab-12ab-ffff- 222222222222	33333333- 13ab-13ab-ffff- 3333333333333	4444444- 14ab-14ab-ffff- 44444444444	
2406~	2406~ TERMINAL REGISTRATION CONDITION	REGISTERED	UNREGISTERED	REGISTERED	REGISTERED	REGISTERED	

ones ones ones 0350 rbst 0200 2000 was 4000 disting means sample Sale men vest SHINKAWASAKITARO SHINKAWASAKITARO sip: 0311111111 @sample.com 03111111 0005 \bigcirc 0000 4000 6000 CORD CORDS - CORDS data ways otto extre description filte quan that **KASHIMADAHANAKO** ZASHIMADA HANAKO sip: 0902222222 @sample.com 0902222222 000 N sip: 09033333333 @sample.com 09033333333 HITACHIITARO HITACHITAHO 980 DISPLAY ADDRESSD PHONETIC SYMBOL ADDRESS USER ID NAME 2410 2412V 2415~ 2413~ 2416 2416 2416

FIG. 5C

4					
7 7 7	<u> </u>	quesa	2	က	
2422~	USERID	0001	0001	0002	
2423~	SESSION ID	1000000	2000000	3000000	
2424~	CALL DESTINATION ADDRESS	sip: 090333333333 @sample.com	sip: 032222222 @sample.com	sip: 0904444444 @sample.com	400 association (1) associatio
2425	CALL DESTINATION ADDRESS DISPLAY NAME	09033333333	032222222	0904444444	0000 0000 0000 0000
2426	CALL DESTINATION NAME	HITACHITARO	KASHIMADA HANAKO	HITACHI JIRO	
2427	CALL SOURCE ADDRESS	sip: 0311111111 @sample.com	sip: 0311111111 @sample.com	sip: 0902222222 @sample.com	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
2428~	OUTGOING CALL DATE AND TIME	2010.08.22 10:30	2010.08.20 19:00	2010.08.25 12:00	

E.SO

*					
7 67	Q	· Species	~	೮	
2432~	USERID	0001	0001	0002	
2433~	SESSION ID	dem dem dem dem dem dem	222222	3333333	edition distribution and distribution an
2434~	CALL SOURCE ADDRESS	sip: 0904444444 @sample.com	sip: 09033333333 @sample.com	sip: 0903333333 @sample.com	
2435~	CALL SOURCE ADDRESS DISPLAY NAME	0904444444	09033333333	09033333333	8884 4988
2436~	CALL SOURCE NAME	HITACHIJIRO	HITACHITARO	HITACHITARO	800 8000
2437~	ABSENCE INCOMING CALL	true	false	false	
2438~	INCOMING CALL DATE AND TIME	2010.08.22 09:00	2010.08.21 16:00	2010.08.25 12:00	W W W

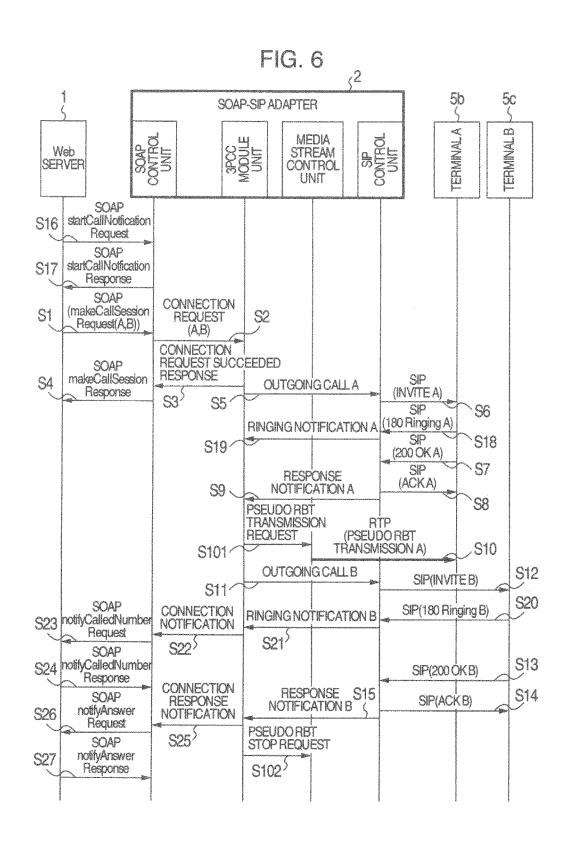


FIG. 7

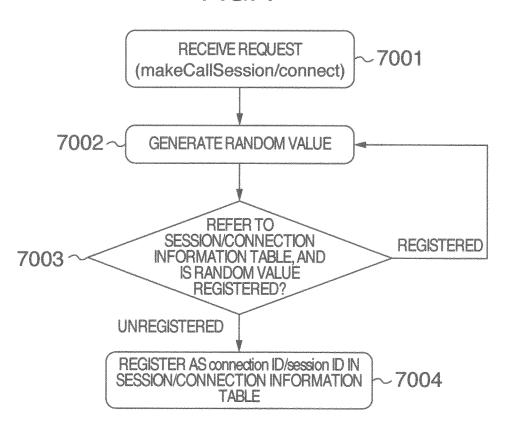


FIG. 8

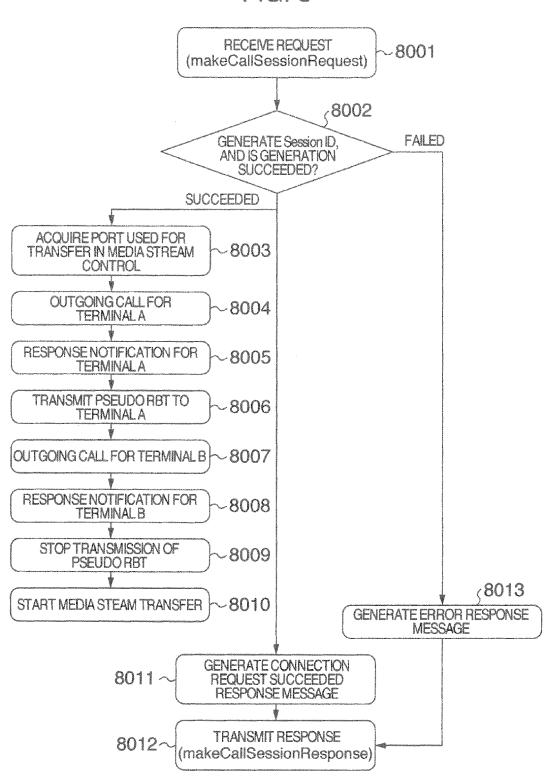


FIG. 9

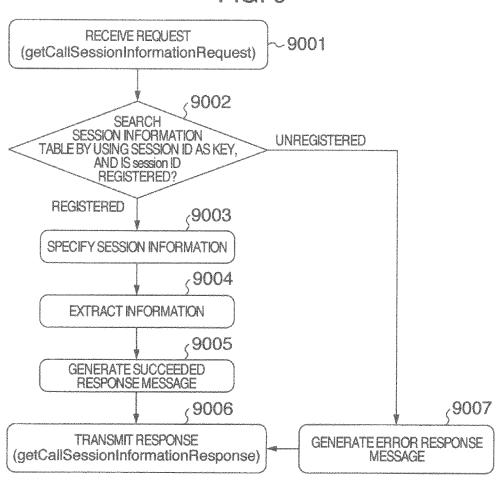


FIG. 10

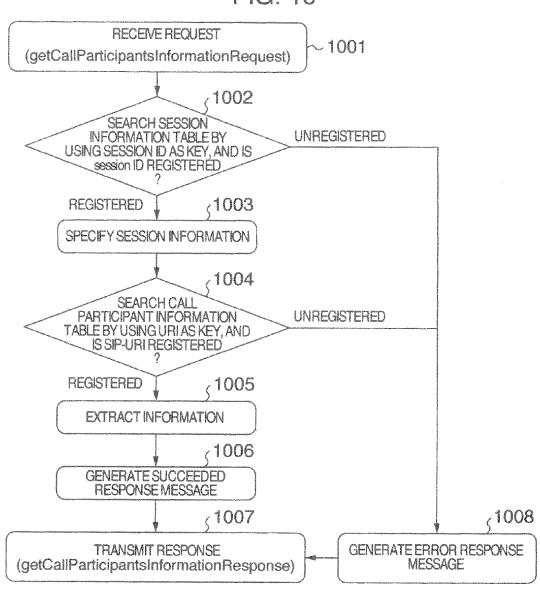


FIG. 11

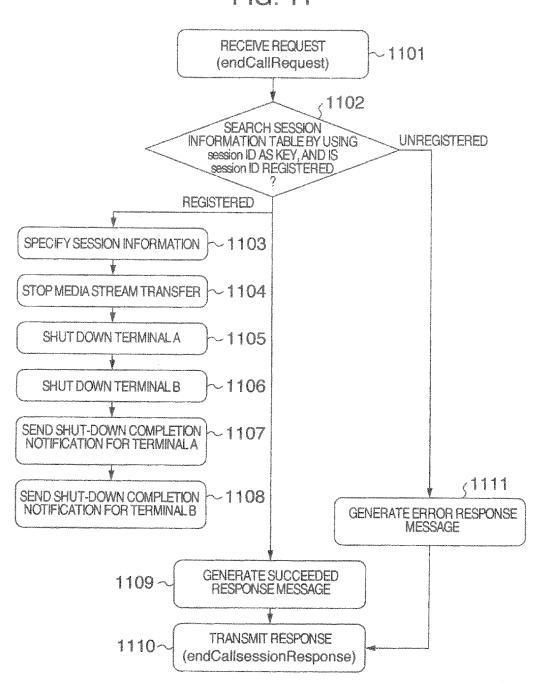


FIG. 12

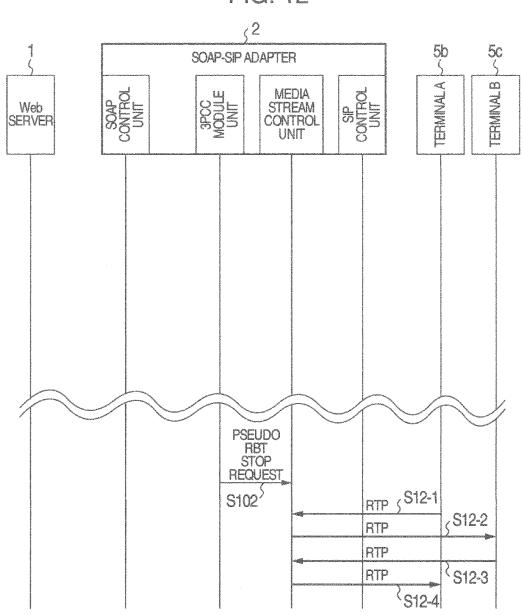


FIG. 13

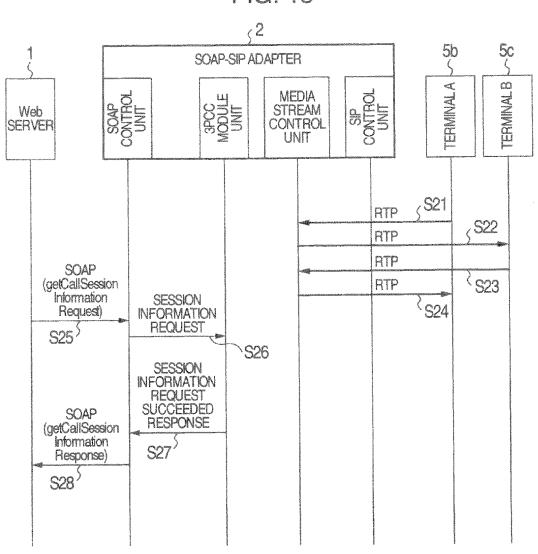


FIG. 14

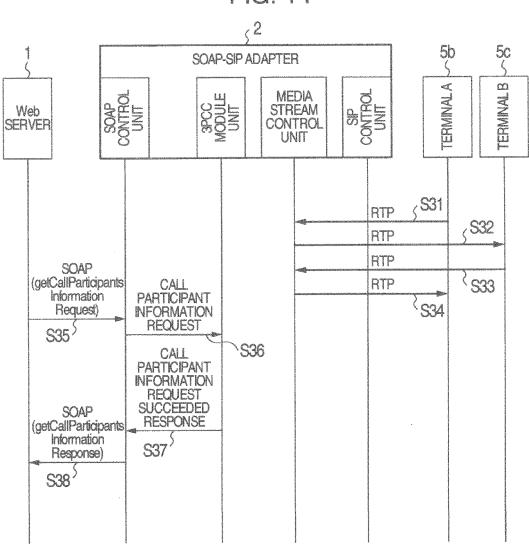


FIG. 15

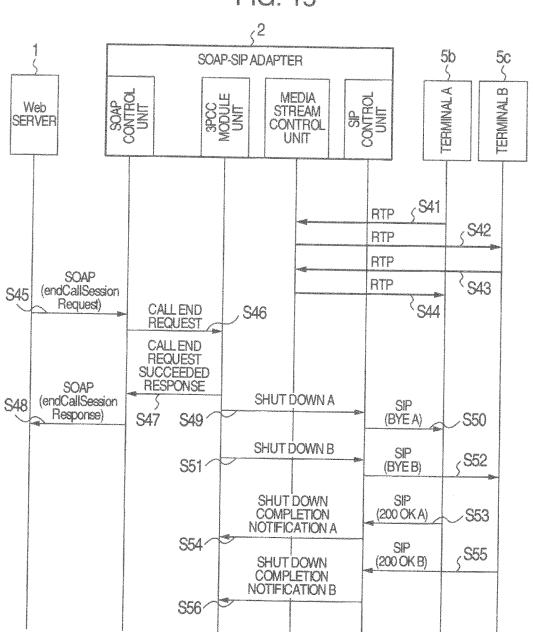


FIG. 16

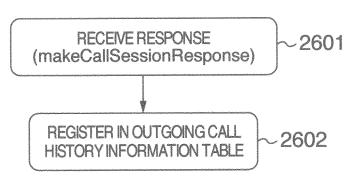


FIG. 17 RECEIVE EVENT NOTIFICATION REQUEST ~2701 (notifyCalledNumberRequest) (2703 TRANSMIT EVENT NOTIFICATION RESPONSE (notifyCalledNumberResponse) 2702 SEARCH TERMINAL INFORMATION TABLE BY USING Correlator AS KEY, AND IS UNREGISTERED CORRELATOR REGISTERED REGISTERED (2704 ACQUIRE user ID 2705 SEARCH **OUTGOING CALL HISTORY** INFORMATION TABLE BY USING UNREGISTERED session ID AS KEY, AND IS session ID REGISTERED REGISTERED 2706 **COMPARE** RECEIVED TO URI WITH **NOT MATCHED** TRANSMISSION DESTINATION ADDRESS, AND IS IT MATCHED? **MATCHED** (2707 2709 ACQUIRE CALL SOURCE NO PROCESS **ADDRESS** (2708 REGISTER IN INCOMING CALL HISTORY INFORMATION TABLE

FIG. 18

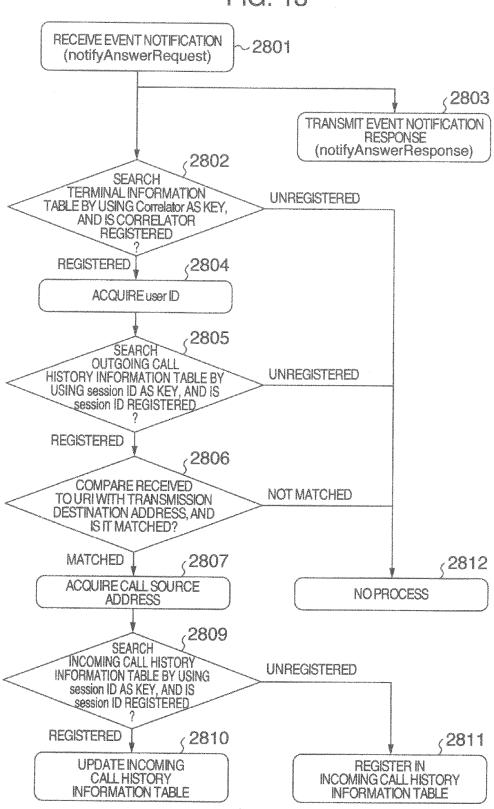


FIG. 19

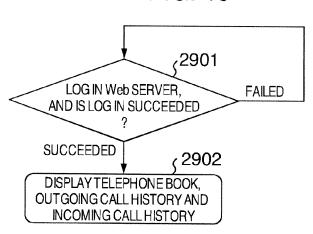


FIG. 20A

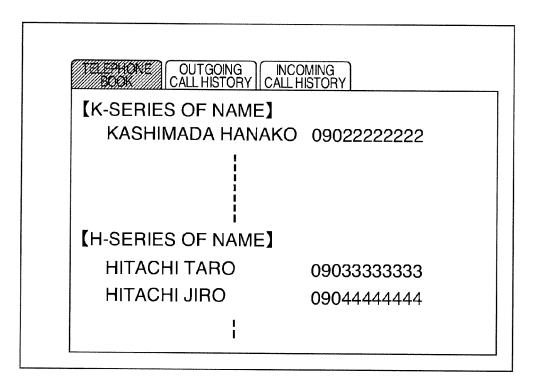


FIG. 20B

TELEPHONE BOOK INCOMING CALL HISTORY [1] 2010/08/22 10:30 HITACHI TARO 09033333333 [2] 2010/08/20 19:00 KASHIMADA HANAKO 09022222222

FIG. 20C

TELEPHONE BOOK OUTGOING CALL HISTORY [1] 2010/08/22 09:00 [ABSENCE] HITACHI JIRO 0904444444 【2】2010/08/21 16:00 HITACHI TARO 09033333333

COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND SERVER

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED PATENT APPLICATIONS

Japan Priority Application 2010-252440, filed Nov. 11, 2010 including the specification, drawings, claims and abstract, is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. This application is a Continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 13/220,210, filed Aug. 29, 2011, incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a communication system and a server, and in particularly to a technique for a point-topoint connection method in the next-generation network.

In recent years, researches regarding the next-generation telecommunication corporations using IP (Internet Protocol). This type of the next-generation communication network is referred to as NGN (Next Generation Network). In this NGN, a session is secured for between a server and a client, both of which try to communicate with each other, therefore, a 25 method of managing a band for every session is often employed. In also this NGN, there has existed SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) as a session control protocol for use in securing the band, for example.

JP-A-2008-78878 discloses a technique such that a band 30 securing session used for a band security is secured in a band-guarantee type network by replacing a client device with a session substitute device, when the client device, which does not equip a control protocol of the band securing session, communicates with in the band-guarantee type net- 35

Further, SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) for exchanging information between applications has been known.

JP-A-2010-213027 discloses a technique for transferring 40 data for between two parties to be communicated, in NGN on which a communication quality is guaranteed.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In NGN, it is required that an IP address for securing both a signaling channel and a data channel should be the same. To this end, it is impossible to substitute for securing the data channel between two parties (first and second connection terminal) in such a way that they communicate in an existing 50 3PCC (Third Party Call Control) service flow. In SPCC service flow, first, the session is secured for between a device equipping 3PCC and the first connection terminal. Next, the session is secured for the device equipping 3PCC and the second connection terminal. When a telephone call occurs 55 between the first connection terminal and the second connection terminal, the session is secured and completed with the first connection terminal to then start the session to be secured with the second connection terminal. Here, in the 3PCC service, a third party, different from the two parties to be com- 60 municated with each other, calls the two parties, therefore, a telephone number to be notified is not information of the connection terminal for a communication start source (call source) but becomes information of the third party, when the first or second connection terminal receives an absence 65 incoming call. For this reason, the first or second connection terminal cannot specify the connection terminal of the com2

munication start source, therefore, there is a problem that a return call cannot be made, for example.

According to a first aspect of the invention, a communication system provides a server and a communication device communicated with the server and set a connection between a first terminal and a second terminal by an SIP (Session Initial Protocol), wherein the communication device comprises: a first control unit that receives a connection request from the server; and a second control unit that sets the connection between the first terminal and the second terminal by the SIP protocol when receiving the connection request, and the server comprises: a first memory that stores terminal information of the first terminal and the second terminal; a second memory that stores outgoing call history information of at least either the first terminal or the second terminal; a third memory that stores incoming call history information of at least either first terminal or the second terminal; and a processing unit that reads out the information from the first communication network have actively been implemented by 20 memory to control at least either the information of the second memory or the third memory in accordance with information contained in a notification from the communication device when setting the connection between at least either the first terminal or the second terminal and the communication

According to a second aspect of the invention, a server that controls of setting a connection between a first terminal and a second terminal via a communication device for setting the connection between the first terminal and the second terminal by an SIP protocol, comprising: a first memory that stores terminal information of the first terminal and the second terminal; a second memory that stores outgoing call history information of at least either the first terminal or the second terminal; a third memory that stores incoming call history information of at least either the first terminal or the second terminal; and a processing unit reads out the information from the first memory in accordance with information contained in a notification from the communication device to control the information of at least either the second memory or the third memory when setting the connection between at least either the first terminal or the second terminal and the communication device.

In the 3PCC service, a connected terminal of the communication start source (call source) can be specified and outgoing call history information corresponding to users can also be extracted from other than the specified connected terminal when the outgoing call history infotination is managed for every user of the connected terminals.

The other objects, features and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following description of the embodiments of the invention taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is an explanatory diagram showing a configuration example of a communication network in one embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 2 is an explanatory diagram showing a configuration example in a SOAP-SIP adapter in the embodiment;

FIG. 3A is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of a session information table in the SOAP-SIP adapter in the embodiment;

FIG. 3B is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of a call participant information table in the SOAP-SIP adapter in the embodiment;

- FIG. 3C is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of a terminal information table in the SOAP-SIP adapter in the embodiment;
- FIG. **3**D is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of a media stream control information table in ⁵ the SOAP-SIP adapter in the embodiment;
 - FIG. 4 is a configuration diagram showing a Web server;
- FIG. 5A is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of a terminal information table in the Web server in the embodiment;
- FIG. **5**B is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of a telephone book table in the Web server in the embodiment;
- FIG. 5C is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of an outgoing call history information table in the Web server in the embodiment;
- FIG. 5D is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of an incoming call history information table in the Web server in the embodiment;
- FIG. 6 is a sequence diagram for explaining a procedure of generating the outgoing call history information in a 3PCC service:
- FIG. 7 is a flowchart for explaining a generation of a session ID and connection ID in the SOAP-SIP adapter;
- FIG. 8 is a flowchart for explaining an operation at a time of receiving a call start request in the SOAP-SIP adapter in the embodiment;
- FIG. **9** is a flowchart for explaining an operation at a time 30 of receiving a call information (session information) request in the SOAP-SIP in the embodiment;
- FIG. 10 is a flowchart for explaining an operation at a time of receiving a call participant information request in the SOAP-SIP adapter in the embodiment;
- FIG. 11 is a flowchart for explaining an operation at a time of receiving a call end request in the SOAP-SIP adapter in the embodiment;
- FIG. 12 is a sequence diagram for explaining a media $_{\rm 40}$ stream transfer in the embodiment;
- FIG. 13 is a sequence diagram for explaining a procedure at a time of receiving the call information (session information) request in the SOAP-SIP adapter in the embodiment;
- FIG. **14** is a sequence diagram for explaining a procedure at 45 a time of receiving the call participant information request in the SOAP-SIP adapter in the embodiment;
- FIG. 15 is a sequence diagram for explaining a procedure at a time of receiving the call end request in the SOAP-SIP adapter in the embodiment;
- FIG. **16** is a flowchart for explaining an operation of generating an outgoing call history in the Web server;
- FIG. 17 is a flowchart for explaining an operation of generating an incoming call history in the Web server;
- FIG. **18** is a flowchart for explaining an operation at a time of generating the incoming call history in the Web server;
- FIG. 19 is a flowchart for explaining an operation of referring pieces of data of the telephone book, outgoing call history and incoming call history in the Web server;
- FIG. **20**A is a diagram showing a display example of telephone book data;
- FIG. 20B is a diagram showing a display example of outgoing call history data; and
- FIG. 20C is a diagram showing a display example of incoming call history data.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

(Network Configuration)

FIG. 1 is an explanatory diagram showing a configuration example of a communication network in one embodiment.

The communication network (system) provides a Web server 1, an SOAP-SIP adapter (communication device) 2, an SIP server 3, an HGW (Home Gateway) 4a and 4b. The SIP server 3 is installed on an NGN (Next Generation Network) N2, for example.

The Web server 1 communicates with the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 and also communicates with a terminal 5a via a network, such as Internet N1 etc. The Web server 1 further communicates respectively with a terminal A5b via the NGN N2 and HGW 4a and via a network such as the Internet N1 etc., and with a terminal B5c via the NGN N2 and HGW 4b and via a network such as Internet N1 etc. The SOAP-SIP adapter 2 communicates with the terminal A5b via NGN N2 and HGW 4a, as well as with the terminal B5c.

FIG. 2 is an explanatory diagram showing a configuration example of the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment.

The SOAP-SIP 2 provides, for example, a processor (hereinafter, CPU) 2001, interfaces (hereinafter, IF) 2003a, 2003b and a memory 2004. The memory 2004 has an SOAP control unit 2101, a 3PCC module unit 2102, a media stream control unit 2103 and an SIP control unit 2104. The 3PCC module unit 2102 has a session information table 2010, and the media stream control unit 2103 has a media stream control information table 2040. The session information table 2010 has a call participant information table 2020 and a terminal information table 2030.

The CPU **2001** implements processes in the SOAP-SIP adapter **2**. Specifically, the CPU **2001** manages the SOAP control unit **2101**, 3PCC module unit **2102**, media stream control unit **2103** and SIP control unit **2104** present on the memory **2004**. The IF **2003***a*, **2003***b* are used as an interface for communicating respectively with the Web server **1** and NGN N2 via lines **2002***a*, **2002***b*.

FIG. 3A is an explanatory diagram showing a configuration example of the session information table 2010 in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment.

The session information table 2010 stores a session condition 2012, a call participant condition 2020 and terminal information 2030_A, 2030_B in correspondence to a session ID 2011, for example.

The session ID 2011 is a session identifier corresponding to a connection request from the Web server 1 to identify a communication between the terminal A5b and terminal B5c. The session condition 2012 indicates a session condition indicated by the session ID 2011, including "Initial (initial condition)." "Connected (connection condition)," "Terminated (Termination condition)." etc. The call participant condition 2020 (FIG. 3B) is equivalent to the call participant information table 2020, and the detail of call participant information table 2020 will be described later. The terminal information 2030 (FIG. 3C) is equivalent to the terminal information table 2030, and the terminal information 2030 is stored in every terminal. In an illustrated example, terminal information (used for Client A) 2030_A corresponds to the terminal A5b, and a terminal information (used for Client B) 2030_B corresponds to the terminal B5c. The detail of terminal information table 2030 will be described later.

FIG. 3B is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of the call participant information table 2020 in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment.

The call participant information table 2020 stores a URI 2021, a call condition 2022 and a start time (clock time) 2023 for every terminal.

The URI **2021** indicates an SIP-URI corresponding to a user, and the call condition **2022** indicates the session condition of SIP between the SOAP-SIP adapter **2** and terminals **5**b, **5**c. The call condition **2022** indicates, for example, "Call-ParticipantInitial (initial condition)," "CallParticipantConnected (connection condition)," "CallParticipantTerminated (termination condition), etc. The start time **2023** indicates a 10 clock time when the session of SIP is secured for the terminals **5**b, **5**c by the SOAP-SIP adapter **2**.

FIG. 3C is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of the terminal information table 2030 in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment.

The terminal information table 2030 stores, for example, parameters etc. for use in the SIP, including a handle value 2031, a session ID 2032, a terminal condition 2033, a Role 2034, send SDP (Session Description Protocol) information 2035, recv SDP information 2036, a From URI 2037, and a To 20 URI 2038.

The handle value 2031 is information for discriminating respectively the session of SIP between the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 and terminal B5b and of SIP between the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 and terminal B5c. The session ID 2032 corresponds 25 to the session ID 2011 in the above-mentioned session information table 2010. The terminal condition 2033 indicates a condition until the session is secured for between the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 and terminals 5b, 5c. The terminal condition 2033 indicates, for example, "Initial (initial condition)," "ConnectWait (condition where a 'response' is waited for)," "CallComplete (condition where the 'response' is accepted and session with UA is secured)," "CloseWait (condition where a 'shut-down completion notification' is waited for),' "Closed (termination condition)," etc. In addition, the "Ini- 35 tial" and "ConnectWait" correspond to "CallParticipantInitial" of the call condition 2022 stored in the call participant information table 2020. Further, the "CallComplete" and "CloseWait" correspond to "CallParticipantConnected" of the call condition 2022 stored in the call participant information table 2020. The "CloseWait" corresponds to "CallParticipantTerminated" of the call condition 2022.

The Role 2034 is information indicating an outgoing call side and incoming call side. The send SDP information 2035 contains, for example, an IP address and port number of the 45 SOAP-SIP adapter 2. The recv SDP information 2036 contains, for example, the IP address and port number of the terminal A5b or B5c. The From URI 2037 indicates a transmission source URI of an SIP message to be transmitted by the SOAP-SIP adapter 2. The From URI 2037 is also an 50 SIP-URI of the SOAP-SIP adapter 2, for example. The To URI 2038 indicates a transmission destination of the SIP message to be transmitted by the SOAP-SIP adapter 2. The To URI 2038 is the SIP-URI of the terminal A5b or B5c, for example.

FIG. 3D is an explanatory diagram showing a configuration example of the media stream control information table 2040 in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment.

The media stream control information table **2040** stores, for example, a media stream transmission/reception IP 60 address **2042**, a media stream transmission/reception port number **2043**, a destination IP address **(1) 2044**, a destination port number **(1) 2045**, a destination IP address **(2) 2046** and a destination port number **(2) 2047**, in correspondence to a session ID **2041**.

The session ID 2041 corresponds to the session ID 2011 in the session information table 2010. The media stream trans6

mission/reception IP address 2042 and media stream transmission/reception port number 2043 are respectively the IP address and port number of the IFs 2003a, 2003b used for when the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 transfers a media stream. The pairs of the destination IP address (1) 2044/destination port number (1) 2045 and the destination IP address (2) 2046/ destination port number (2) 2047 indicate a transfer destination of the media stream. For example, when the transmission source of media stream corresponds to the destination IP address (1) 2044 and destination port number (1) 2045, the media stream is transferred to the corresponding destination IP address (2) 2046 and destination port number (2) 2047 as a transfer destination. Likewise, when the transmission source of media stream corresponds to the destination IP address (2) 2046 and destination port number (2) 2047, the media stream is transferred to the corresponding destination IP address (1) 2044 and destination port number (1) 2045 as a transfer destination. In an illustrated example, the destination IP address (1) 2044 and destination port number (1) 2045 indicate the IP address and port number of the terminal A5b, and the destination IP address (2) 2046 and destination port number (2) 2047 indicate the IP address and port number of the terminal B5c.

FIG. 4 is a configuration diagram of the Web server 1.

The Web server 1 provides, for example, a processing unit 100, an input unit 110, a display unit 120, a storage unit 130 and a communication interface 140. The input unit 110 accepts a session ID and a user identifier, for example, and the display unit 120 displays the user identifier and SIP-URI. The storage unit 130 has a terminal information table (memory) **2400**, a telephone book table (memory) **2410**, an outgoing call history information table (memory) 2420 and an incoming call history information table (memory) 2430. The communication interface 140 is an interface of communicating with the SOAP-SIP adapter 2, for example. The processing unit 100 implements various processes in the Web server 1, that is, controls (reads out, stores information, updates information, etc.) an after-mentioned terminal information table 2400, telephone book table 2410 and an outgoing call history information table 2420.

FIG. **5**A is an explanatory diagram showing a configuration example of the terminal information table **2400** in the Web server **1** in the embodiment. The terminal information table **2400** stores information regarding the individual terminals, each of which corresponds at least to a user ID, a terminal ID and a telephone number. In addition, the information stored in the table may be a combination of all of aftermentioned information or of arbitrary necessary information.

For example, the terminal information table 2400 stores a terminal ID 2402, a terminal name 2403, a telephone number 2404, a correlator 2405 and a terminal registration condition 2406, in correspondence to a user ID 2401.

The user ID **2401** is an identifier for the user who uses the 3PCC service. The terminal ID **2402** is an identifier for a communication terminal possessed by a certain user. Here, one user ID may be corresponded to plural terminals (plural terminal IDs). In FIG. **5A**, the user ID **0001** corresponds to a terminal ID **01** as a "fixed terminal" and to a terminal ID **02** as a "mobile terminal." The terminal name **2403** is a name for the communication terminal. The telephone number **2404** indicates a telephone number corresponding to the terminal ID of communication terminal possessed the user. The correlator **2405** is an identifier indicating an association with an event notification from the SOAP-SIP adapter **2**. The event notification means a notification in a call setting by the SOAP-SIP adapter **2**, and the association with this event notification means parameters for determining whether a handling is nec-

essary for the event notification. The terminal registration condition **2406** indicates a condition whether the event notification is already registered in the SOAP-SIP adapter **2**.

FIG. 5B is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of the telephone book table **2410** in the Web 5 server **1** in the embodiment. The telephone book table **2410** stores information regarding the individual users, each of which corresponds at least to a user ID, a connection destination designated address (for example, SIP-URI) and a display address (for example, telephone number). Here, the user 10 ID corresponds to a user who holds information of a name **2413**, a phonetic symbol **2414**, an address **2415** and display address **2416** in a telephone book, but it does not simply relate to the name **2413**.

The telephone book table **2410** stores, for example, the user 15 ID **2412**, name **2413**, phonetic symbol **2414**, address **2415** and display address **2416**, in correspondence to an ID **2411**.

The ID 2411 is an identifier for managing data. The user ID 2412 corresponds to the user ID 2401 in the above-mentioned terminal information table 2400. The name 2413 is a name of 20 the user who uses the 3PCC service and is also information corresponding one-to-one to the user ID 2412. The phonetic symbol 2414 is information corresponding one-to-one to the name 2413 to be able to use by a sort when displaying the telephone book. The address 2415 indicates the SIP-URI of 25 the users, and the display address is information, for example a telephone number, to be displayed on the terminal which refers to the telephone book, among the contents in the address 2415.

FIG. 5C is an explanatory diagram of one configuration 30 example of the outgoing call history information table 2420 in the Web server 1 in the embodiment. The outgoing call history information table 2420 stores information regarding the individual outgoing calls, each of which corresponds at least to the user ID, session ID, call destination information, call 35 source information and outgoing call time information. In addition, the information stored in the table may be a combination of all of after-mentioned information or of arbitrary necessary information.

For example, the outgoing call history information table 40 **2420** stores a user ID **2422**, a session ID **2423**, a call destination address **2424**, a call destination address display name **2425**, a call destination name **2426**, a call source address **2427** and an outgoing call date and time **2428**, in correspondence to an ID **2421**.

The ID 2421 is an identifier for managing data. The user ID 2422 corresponds to the user ID 2401 in the above-mentioned terminal information table 2400. The session ID 2423 corresponds to the session ID 2011 in the above-mentioned session information table 2010. The call destination address 2424 is a 50 terminal as an incoming call side, for example, the SIP-URI of terminal B5c. The call destination address display name 2425 is information, for example a telephone number, displayed on the terminal which refers to an outgoing call history, among the contents in the call destination address 2424. 55 The call destination name 2426 corresponds to the name 2413 in the above-mentioned telephone book table 2410. The call source address 2427 is for the terminal as outgoing call side, for example, the SIP-URI of the terminal A5 b. The outgoing call date and time 2428 is time information at a time of the 60 outgoing call by a telephone.

FIG. 5D is an explanatory diagram showing one configuration example of the incoming call history information table **2430** in the Web server **1** in the embodiment. The incoming call history information table **2430** stores information regarding the individual incoming calls, each of which corresponds at least to the user ID, session ID, call source information and

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incoming call time information. In addition, the information stored in the table may be a combination of all of aftermentioned information or of arbitrary necessary information.

For example, the incoming call history information table 2430 stores a user ID 2432, a session ID 2433, a call source address 2434, a call source address display name 2435, a call source name 2436, an absence incoming call 2437 and an incoming call date and time 2438, in correspondence to an ID 2431.

The ID **2431** is an identifier for managing data. The user ID 2432 corresponds to the user ID 2401 in the above-mentioned terminal information table 2400. The session ID 2433 corresponds to the session ID 2011 in the above-mentioned session information table 2010. The call source address 2434 is for the terminal as outgoing call side, for example, for the SIP-URI of terminal A5 b. The call source address display name 2435 is information, for example a telephone number, displayed on the terminal which refers to an incoming call history, among the contents in the call source address 2434. The call source name 2436 corresponds to the name 2413 in the above-mentioned telephone book table 2410. The absence incoming call 2437 indicates a response condition from the incoming call on a destination terminal at a time of the call request. The incoming call date and time 2438 is time information at a time of the incoming call by the telephone. (Operation)

FIG. 7 is a flowchart for explaining a generation of the session ID/connection ID in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2. In addition, the connection ID is a parameter which can be used for when the connection is not applicable to the 3PCC, but to the NGN connection. FIG. 8 is a flowchart for explaining an operation at a time of receiving a call start request in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment. Further, FIG. 6 is a sequence diagram for explaining a procedure of generating the outgoing and incoming call history information in the 3PCC service. FIG. 16 is a flowchart for explaining an operation of generating the outgoing call history in the Web server 1. FIG. 17 and FIG. 18 are a flowchart for explaining an operation of generating the incoming call history in the Web server 1

In this embodiment, a connection terminal of communication start source (call source) can be specified in the 3PCC service. Further, the outgoing and incoming call history information corresponding to the respective users is extracted from other than the specific connection terminals when managing the outgoing and incoming call history information for every user of the connection terminals. The telephone book for a Web management can also be supplied.

The procedure up to the 3PCC including the generation of outgoing and incoming history information becomes the following procedure (a) to (e). (a) The SIP-URI etc. of an outgoing and incoming call history-generation targeted user is registered from the Web server 1 to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2. (b) The session is secured for between the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 and the first connection terminal A5 b. (c) The outgoing call history information of first connection terminal A5b is generated in the Web server 1. (d) The session is secured for between the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 and second connection terminal B5c. (e) The incoming call history information of second connection terminal B5c is generated in the Web server 1. (f) The telephone call is implemented with between the first connection terminal A5b and the second connection terminal B5c. However, a silence condition occurs in the first connection terminal A5b at a time when the procedure (b) is completed and (d) starts. In this case, a pseudo version of an

RBT (Ringing Back Tone or connection maintaining message) is transmitted to the first connection terminal A5b from the SOAP-SIP adapter 2.

In the NGN, there is a requirement that the IP address should be the same for securing a signaling channel and a data 5 channel, therefore, it is impossible to substitute for securing the data channel between two parties (between first connection terminal A5b and second connection terminal B5c) in such a way that they communicate in the existing 3PCC service flow. In this point, data from the first connection terminal A5b is received by the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 to transfer the data to the second connection terminal B5c, in this embodiment. The SOAP-SIP adapter 2 receives the data from the second connection terminal B5c to then transfer the data to the first connection terminal A5 b. The SOAP-SIP adapter 15 also generates the media stream control information table 2040 for realizing the above-mentioned transfer.

Further, the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 as a third party, different from the two parties (first connection terminal A5b and second connection terminal B5c) to be communicated with each 20 other, calls the two parties in the 3PCC service, therefore, a telephone number to be notified becomes information of the SOAP-SIP adapter 2, when the first connection terminal A5b or second connection terminal B5c receives the absence incoming call. For this reason, the first or second connection 25 terminal cannot specify the connection terminal of the communication start source (call source), therefore, there is a problem that a return call cannot be made. Consequently, the outgoing and incoming call history information in the 3PCC service is generated on the Web server 1, in this way, the 30 outgoing and incoming call history information corresponding to user information (log in ID etc.) to be necessary for the communication is provided for the terminal communicable with the Web server 1.

A procedure of this embodiment will be described below 35 with reference to the sequence diagram and flowchart.

The sequence flow will be described with reference to FIG. 6. First, a manager of the Web server 1 logs in the Web server 1, and information of the user etc. who uses the 3PCC is entered to register in the terminal information table 2400. For 40 example, registered contents contains the user ID 2401, terminal ID 2402 for discriminating plural terminals, terminal name 2403, telephone number 2404 and correlator 2405. Next, the Web server 1 transmits an SOAP startCallNotificationRequest (notification start request) to the SOAP-SIP 45 adapter 2, at a step S16. The SOAP startCallNotificationRequest contains the SIP-URI corresponding to the user who is targeted of the notification request of connection condition and the correlator as a value for indicating an association. The SOAP-SIP adapter 2 transmits an SOAP startCallNotifica- 50 tionResponse (notification start response) received, at a step S17. The Web server 1 updates the terminal registration condition 2406 in the terminal information table 2400 from "unregistered" to "registered" (an initial value is "unregistered") in response to the reception of the SOAP startCallNo- 55 tificationResponse. Next, the user as a third party or the manager for Web server 1 operates the terminal 5a to log in the Web server 1. The Web server 1 receives, from the terminal 5a, an identifier (user ID corresponding to the user who uses the terminals A5b or B5c, for example) of the user to be 60 communicated. For example, the users of two parties to be communicated may be selected by operation of the user, along with a screen displaying the logged in terminal 5a, in the Web server 1.

The Web server 1 transmits an SOAP makeCallSessionRe-65 quest (connection request) to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2, at a step S1. The SOAP makeCallSessionRequest contains the

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SIP-URI corresponding to the users of connection request targeted two parties. The Web server 1 acquires the SIP-URI corresponding to the user identifier (user ID) entered by searching the telephone book table 2410 in which the user identifier (user ID) is stored correspondingly to the SIP-URI of the user. The Web server 1 also generates the SOAP make-CallSessionRequest containing the acquired SIP-URI to transmit to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2. The SOAP-SIP adapter 2 starts the connection to the terminals 5b, 5c, each of which corresponds to the SIP-URI contained in the received SOAP makeCallSessionRequest to transmit an SOAP makeCallSessionResponse containing the session ID generated by the SOAP-SIP adapter 2, at steps S2 to S15. At this time, the Web server 1 registers the outgoing call history in the outgoing call history information table 2420 for the first connection terminal A5b corresponding to the user information (SIP-URI) determined as the call source address, among the piece of user information (SIP-URI) of the connection request targeted two parties contained in the SOAP makeCallSessionRequest.

For example, the outgoing call history information table **2420** contains the session ID **2423**, call destination address (SIP-URI of the second connection terminal A5c) **2424**, call destination address display name **2425**, call destination name **2426**, call source address (SIP-URI of the first connection terminal A5 b) **2427** and outgoing call date and time **2428**, contained in the SOAP makeCallSessionResponse.

Further, the Web server 1 receives an SOAP notifiyCalled-NumberRequest from the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 at a step S23 and an SOAP notifyAnswerRequest at a step S26. At this time, the Web server 1 transmits an SOAP notifyCalledNumberResponse to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2, at a step S24 and an SOAP notifyAnswerResponse to the same, at a step S27. As described later, the Web server 1 registers the incoming call history in the incoming call history information table 2430, for the second connection terminal A5c corresponding to the user information (SIP-URI) determined as the call destination address, among the piece of user information (SIP-URI) of the connection request targeted two parties contained in the SOAP makeCallSessionRequest, at steps S18 to S27. For example, the incoming call history information table 2430 contains the session ID 2433, call source address (SIP-URI of the first connection terminal A5b) 2434, call source address display name 2435, call source name 2436, absence incoming call flag 2437 and incoming call date and time 2438, contained in the SOAP makeCallSessionResponse.

Hereinafter, a detailed operation of the steps S2 to S15 and S18 to S27 regarding the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 will be described below.

The SOAP control unit 2101 in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 receives the SOAP makeCallSessionRequest to transmit the connection request to the 3PCC module unit 2102, at the step S2. This connection request can be generated from an appropriate protocol for use in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 on the basis of the SOAP makeCallSessionRequest received, for example, and also contains SIP-URI in the SOAP makeCallSessionRequest.

The 3PCC module unit 2102 receives the connection request at steps 7001, 8001 to generate the session ID at a step 8002. A generation of the session ID will be described below with reference to FIG. 7.

The 3PCC module unit 2102 receives the connection request to generate a random value at a step 7002. The 3PCC module unit 2102 determines whether the generated random value is registered in the session ID 2011 in the session information table 2010 at a step 7003. If the generated random value is already registered (or already used) therein, the process in 3PCC module unit 2102 returns to the step 7002 to

repeat subsequently necessary processes. In contrast, if the generated random value is unregistered, the 3PCC module unit 2102 stores the generated session ID in the session information table 2010 at a step 7004. Further, the 3PCC module unit 2102 sets the session condition 2012 in the session information table 2010 to "Initial (initial condition)".

The 3PCC module unit **2102** also stores the SIP-URI contained in the received connection request in the call participant information table **2020**. The call participant information table **2020** in FIG. **3**B as an example, stores the SIP-URI 10 (refer to **2020_A**) of the terminal A5b and SIP-URI (refer to **2020_B**) of the terminal B5c. The 3PCC module unit **2102** sets the call condition **2022** corresponding to the terminals **5**b, **5**c in the call participant information table **2020** to "CallParticipantInitial (initial condition)".

The 3PCC module unit 2102 stores the terminal information of the terminals A5b, B5c. Specifically, the 3PCC module unit 2102 makes the generated session ID correspond to the terminals 5b, 5c to store in the terminal information table 2030. The 3PCC module unit 2102 also stores the respective 20 SIP-URIs contained in the received connection request in the To URI 2038 corresponding to the respective terminals 5b, 5cin the terminal information table 2030. The 3PCC module unit 2102 sets respectively the terminal condition 2033 corresponding to the terminals 5b, 5c in the terminal information 25 table 2030 to "Initial (initial condition)". The 3PCC module unit 2102 sets respectively information indicating the outgoing call side or incoming call side to the Role 2033 corresponding to the terminals 5b, 5c in the terminal information table 2030. In addition, either the terminal 5b or 5c can be set appropriately to the outgoing call side. The 3PCC module unit 2102 also stores the IP address and port number of SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the send SDP information 2035 in the terminal information table 2030. The 3PCC module unit 2102 also stores the SIP-URI of SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the From 35 URI 2037 corresponding to the terminals 5b, 5c in the terminal information table 2030. In addition, the SIP-URI, IP address and port number of SOAP-SIP adapter 2 are stored in an appropriate storage unit in advance.

The 3PCC module unit 2102 generates a connection 40 request succeeded response to transmit to the SOAP control unit 2101, at the step S3 and a step 8011. The connection request succeeded response contains the generated session ID. The SOAP control unit 2101 receives the connection request succeeded response to transmit the SOAP make-CallSessionResponse to the Web server 1, at the step S4 and a step 8012. The SOAP makeCallSessionResponse contains the generated session ID and is generated in accordance with the SOAP on the basis of the received connection request succeeded response. The Web server 1 receives the SOAP 50 makeCallSessionResponse to store the session ID contained in the SOAP makeCallSessionResponse in an appropriate storage unit.

In addition, if the generation for session ID is failed at the step 8002, the 3PCC module unit 2102 generates a connection 55 request failed response (error response message) at a step 8013 to transmit to the SOAP control unit 2101. The SOAP control unit 2101 receives the connection request failed response to transmit the makeCallSessionResponse to the Web server 1 at the step 8012.

Next, the session is secured for between the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 and terminal A5b.

More specifically, the 3PCC module unit 2102 acquires a port used for a media stream control/transfer at a step 8003 and transmits an outgoing call request (A) for the terminal 65 A5b to the SIP control unit 2104 at the step S5 and a step 8004. For example, the 3PCC module unit 2102 transmits, to

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the SIP control unit 2104, the outgoing call request containing the send SDP information 2035, From URI 2037 and To URI 2038, corresponding to the terminal A5b, stored in the terminal information table 2030. The 3PCC module unit 2102 also sets a clock time at this time, as one example, to the start time 2023 corresponding to the terminal A5b in the call participant information table 2020. The call participant information table 2020 shown, as an example, in FIG. 3B stores "2010.08.22 10:30.30". In addition, the start time 2023 is not limited to the clock time at this time, may also be an appropriate clock time indicating the start of session with the terminal A5b.

The SIP control unit 2104 transmits an INVITE message (A) to the terminal A5b in accordance with the To URI contained in the outgoing call request (A) at the step S6. The INVITE message (A) contains at least the send SDP information, From URI and To URI, contained in the received outgoing call request, for example. The SIP control unit 2104 also generates the handle value for discriminating the session with the terminal A5b.

The terminal A5b receives the INVITE message (A) to store, in an appropriate storage unit, the IP address and port number of SOAP-SIP adapter 2 contained in the send SDP information of the received INVITE message (A). The stored IP address and port number are used for when transmitting the media stream, for example. The terminal A5b generates the recv SDP information containing the own IP address and port number to transmit a (200 OK) (A) of SIP containing the generated recv SDP information to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 at the step S7. The SIP control unit 2104 in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 receives the (200 OK) (A) to transmit an SIP (ACK A) to the terminal A5b at the step S8.

The SIP control unit 2104 transmits the response notification (A) to the 3PCC module unit 2102, at the step S9 and at a step 8005. The response notification (A) contains the handle value generated at the step S6 and the recv SDP information 2036 of terminal A5b contained in the SIP 200 OK received at the step S7. The 3PCC module unit 2102 makes the handle value and recv SDP information contained in the received response notification (A) correspond to the terminal A5b and store in the terminal information table 2030. In addition, the handle value may be stored at an appropriate timing between the steps S6 to S8. The 3PCC module unit 2102 updates the terminal condition 2033 corresponding to the terminal A5b in the terminal information table 2030 to "CallComplete (session secured condition)". The 3PCC module unit 2102 also updates the call condition 2022 corresponding to the terminal A5b in the call participant information table 2020 to "Call-ParticipantConnected (connection condition)". In addition, the terminal condition 2033 may be updated appropriately in response to the transmission/reception of the SIP message (for example, 200 OK, etc.).

The 3PCC module unit 2102 also transmits the generated session ID, IP address and port number of the SOAP-SIP adapter 2, and IP address and port number of the terminal A5b contained in the received recv SDP information to the media stream control unit 2103. The media stream control unit 2103 stores respectively the received pieces of information in the media stream control information table 2040. For example, the media stream control unit 2103 stores the received IP address and port number of the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in both the media stream transmission/reception IP address 2042 and the media stream transmission/reception port number 2043 and also stores the received IP address and port number of the terminal A5b in the both the destination IP address (1) 2044 and destination port number (1) 2045. The media stream control unit 2103 also stores the received session ID therein.

The 3PCC module unit 2102 transmits the pseudo RBT transmission request to the media stream control unit 2103 at a step S101. The media stream control unit 2103 receives the pseudo RBT transmission request to transmit the pseudo RBT to the terminal A5b in accordance with an RTP (Real-time 5 Transport Protocol), for example, at the step S10 and a step 8006. The media stream control unit 2103 may use an announcement indicating that a destination is being accessed, appropriate music sound, etc. as used for the pseudo RBT.

Next, the session is secured for between the SOAP-SIP 10 adapter 2 and terminal B5c.

The 3PCC module unit 2102 transmits an outgoing call request (B) for the terminal B5c to the SIP control unit 2104 at the step S11 and a step 8007. For example, the 3PCC module unit 2102 transmits, to the SIP control unit 2104, the 15 outgoing call request containing the send SDP information 2035, From URI 2037 and To URI 2038 corresponding to the terminal B5c stored in the terminal information table 2030. The 3PCC module unit 2102 also sets a clock time at this time to the start time 2023 corresponding to the terminal B5c in the 20 call participant information table 2020. The call participant information table 2020 shown in FIG. 3B stores "2010.10.08. 10:30.45".

The SIP control unit 2104 transmits an INVITE message (B) to the terminal B5c in accordance with the To URI contained in the outgoing call request (B) at the step S12. The INVITE message (B) contains at least the send SDP information, From URI and To URI contained in the received outgoing call request, for example. The SIP control unit 2104 also generates the handle value for discriminating the session with 30 the terminal B5c.

The terminal B5c receives the INVITE message (B) to store, in an appropriate storage unit, the IP address and port number of SOAP-SIP adapter 2 contained in the send SDP information of the received INVITE message (B).

The terminal B5c also transmits an SIP 180 Ringing (calling notification) indicating that it is being called, to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 at the step S20. The SIP control unit 2104 in SOAP-SIP adapter 2 receives the SIP 180 Ringing to transmit a ringing notification to the 3PCC module unit 2102, 40 at the step S21. Thereafter, the 3PCC module unit 2102 transmits the connection notification to the SOAP control unit 2101 at the step S22, and the SOAP control unit 2101 then transmits the SOAP notifyCalledNumberRequest (connection notification, connection notification event) to the Web 45 server 1 at the step S23. The SOAP notifyCalledNumberRequest contains the correlator, From URI, To URI and session ID, for example. At this time, the Web server 1 searches the terminal information table 2400 by using the received correlator as a key to acquire the user ID 2401. Next, the outgoing 50 call history information table 2420 is searched by using the received session ID as a key, the call destination address 2424 is compared with the received To URI, and the call source address 2427 is acquired if they are equivalent. The user ID and call source address acquired by the above-mentioned 55 manner are registered in the incoming call history information table 2430. The call source display address and name acquired by searching the telephone book table 2410 by using either the received correlator or session Ill as a key, may be registered, or registered together with the corresponding ses- 60 sion ID to the call source display address and name. At this time, the absence incoming call flag is not updated (initial value is "true" in the absence incoming call flag, which becomes an absence incoming call condition).

When the registration in the incoming call history information table **2430** is implemented by using the SIP **180** Ringing as a trigger, the generation of incoming call history infor-

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mation can be realized in real time since the condition is that the terminal is being called demonstratively. Here, the SIP 180 Ringing is used as a trigger for registering in the incoming call history information table 2430, however, the session connection process to the terminal can be set to a trigger. That is, an action of the connection process to the terminal is used as a trigger, or the INVITE may also be used as a trigger. When the INVITE is used as a trigger, the registration in the incoming call history information table can be implemented even though the terminal B5c stays on a condition (power source is OFF or the terminal is in out of service) where the telephone call cannot be made by any reason.

When the call destination address 2424 is different from the received To URI as result of searching the outgoing call history information by using the session ID as a key, the SOAP notifyCalledNumberRequest may be discarded. That is, it is determined that the incoming call history information is not targeted for the generation and update when the call destination address is different from the received To URI. For example, this case is that the receive To URI is equivalent to the call source address.

The Web server 1 transmits the SOAP notifyCalledNumberResponse to the SOAP control unit 2101 in response to the SOAP notifyCalledNumberRequest at the step S24. The terminal B5c generates the recv SDP information containing own IP address and port number to transmit the SIP 200 OK (B) containing the generated recv SDP information to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 at the step S13. The SIP control unit 2104 in SOAP-SIP adapter 2 receives the SIP 200 OK (B) to transmit an SIP ACK (B) to the terminal B5c at the step S14.

The SIP control unit 210 transmits the response notification (B) to the 3PCC module unit 2102 at the step S15 and a step 8008. The response notification (B) contains the handle value generated at the step S12 and the recv SDP information 35 of the terminal B5c contained in the received SIP 200 OK at the step S13. The 3PCC module unit 2102 makes the handle value and recv SDP information contained in the received response information (B) correspond to the terminal B5c and store in the terminal information table 2030. In addition, the handle value may be stored at an appropriate timing between the steps S12 to S14. The 3PCC module unit 2102 updates the terminal condition 2033 corresponding to the terminal B5c in the terminal information table 2030 to "CallComplete (session secured condition)". The 3PCC module unit 2102 also updates the call condition 2022 corresponding to the terminal B5c in the call participant information table 2020 to "Call-ParticipantConnected (connection condition)". The 3PCC module unit 2102 further updates the session condition in the session information table 2010 to "Connected (connection condition)".

Next, the 3PCC module unit 2102 transmits a connection response notification to the SOAP control unit 2101 at the step S25, and the SOAP notifyAnswerRequest (response notification, response notification event) to the Web server 1 at the step S26. The SOAP notify Answer Request contains the correlator, From URI, To URI and session ID, for example. At this time, the Web server 1 searches the terminal information table 2400 by using the received correlator as a key to acquire the user ID 2401. Next, the outgoing call history information table 2420 is searched by using the received session ID as a key to compare the call destination address 2424 with the received To URI. If they are equivalent, the call source address 2427 is acquired. Subsequently, the incoming call history information table 2430 is searched by using the received session ID as a key to update the absence incoming call flag to "false", that is, to a normal incoming call condition. If there is no incoming call history, a new registration is

implemented for the incoming call history information table **2430**. If the call destination address **2424** is different from the received To URI, the call source address **2427** is discarded. The Web server 1 then transmits the SOAP notifyAnswerResponse to the SOAP control unit **2101** in response to the 5OAP notifyAnswerRequest at the step S27.

The 3PCC module unit 2102 transmits the session ID and IP address and port number of the terminal B5c contained in the received recv SDP information to the media stream control unit 2103. The media stream control unit 2103 stores the IP address and port number of terminal B5c in the destination IP address (2) 2046 and destination port number (2) 2047 in the media stream control information table 2040, in correspondence to the received session ID.

The 3PCC module unit **2102** transmits a pseudo RBT stop 15 request to the media stream control unit **2103** at a step **8102** and a step **8009**. The media stream control unit **2103** stops the transmission of pseudo RBT in accordance with the pseudo RBT stop request.

The SOAP-SIP adapter 2 starts a media stream transfer for 20 between the terminals A5b and B5c at a step 8010.

FIG. 12 is a sequence diagram regarding the media stream transfer. This sequence is implemented at least for the step S102 and subsequent steps shown in FIG. 6. For example, the terminal A5b transmits the media stream to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in accordance with the RTP at a step S12-1. At this time, the terminal A5b sets the IP address and port number of SOAP-SIP adapter 2 stored at the step S6 to the destination to then set the own IP address and port number to a transmission source.

The media stream control unit 2103 in SOAP-SIP adapter 2 refers to the media stream control information table 2040 to transfer the received media stream to the terminal B5c at a step S12-2. For example, the media stream control unit 2103 refers to the media stream control information table 2040 on 35 the basis of the transmission source IP address and port number of the received media stream to acquire corresponding destination IP address and port number. In the example of media stream control information table 2040 shown in FIG. 3D, the transmission source IP address and port number of the 40 received media stream correspond respectively to the IP address (10.0.2.1) and port number (20000) of terminal A5b to acquire the corresponding destination IP address (2) 2046 (10.0.2.2) and port number (2) 2047 (30000). The media stream control unit 2103 transfers the received media stream 45 to the terminal B5c in accordance with the acquired IP address and port number.

Likewise, the terminal B5c transmits the media stream to the SOAP-SIP adapter **2** in accordance with the RTP at a step S12-3. Likewise to the terminal A5b, the terminal B5c sets the 50 IP address and port number of SOAP-SIP adapter **2** stored at the step S12 to the destination to set the own IP address and port number to the transmission source.

The media stream control unit **2103** in SOAP-SIP adapter **2** refers to the media stream control information table **2040** to 55 transfer the received media stream to the terminal A5b at a step S12-4. In the example of media stream control information table **2040** shown in FIG. 3D, the transmission source IP address and port number of the received media stream correspond respectively to the IP address (10.0.2.2) and port number (30000) of the terminal B5c to acquire the corresponding destination IP address (1) **2044** (10.0.2.1) and port number (1) **2045** (20000). The media stream control unit **2103** transfers the received data stream to the terminal A5b in accordance with the acquired IP address and port number.

FIG. 13 is a sequence diagram for explaining a procedure of receiving call information (session information) request in

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the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment. FIG. 9 is a flowchart for explaining an operation at a time of receiving the call information (session information) request in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment.

Referring to FIG. 13 and FIG. 9, an operation for acquiring the call information by the Web server 1 will described below. Here, Web server 1 can acquire information corresponding to the designated session ID. The process at steps S21 to S24 in FIG. 13 corresponds to that at the above-mentioned steps S12-1 to S24-4.

The Web server 1 transmits an SOAP getCallSessionInformationRequest (session information request, call information request) to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 at a step S25. The SOAP getCallSessionInformationRequest contains the session ID of the call information to be acquired. More specifically, the Web server 1 generates the SOAP getCallSessionInformationRequest containing the session ID stored at the abovementioned step S4 to transmit to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2. In addition, the Web server 1 may select the session ID of the call information to be acquired from the session ID stored at the above-mentioned step S4 on the basis of the user operated terminal 5a.

The SOAP-SIP adapter 2 searches the session information table 2010 held in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 by using the session ID contained in the SOAP getCallSessionInformationRequest as a key to then transmit an SOAP getCallSessionInformationResponse containing the table information of corresponded session ID 2011 at steps S26 to S28. A detailed operation of the steps S26 to S28 in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 will be described below.

First, the SOAP control unit **2101** in SOAP-SIP adapter **2** receives the getCallSessionInformationRequest to transmit the session information request to the 3PCC module unit **2102** at the step S**26**. This session information request contains the session ID in the SOAP getCallSessionInformation-Request.

The 3PCC module unit 2102 receives the session information request at a step 9001 to search the session ID 2011 in the session information table 2010 on the basis of the session ID contained in the received session information request at a step 9002. If the session ID contained in the received session information request is already registered in the session information table 2010, the session information corresponding to the session ID 2011 is specified at a step 9003. The 3PCC module unit 2102 refers to the call participant information table (call participant condition) 2020 corresponding to the corresponded session ID 2011 to acquire respectively the URI 2021 and call condition 2022 corresponding to the terminals **5***b*, **5***c*, at a step **9004**. Further, the 3PCC module unit **2102** acquires the recv SDP information 2036 for the respective terminals from the terminal information (for terminal A5 b) 2030 A and terminal information (for terminal B5c) 2030 B corresponding to the corresponded session ID 2011.

The 3PCC module unit 2102 generates a session information request succeeded response containing the session ID 2011, received URI 2021, call condition 2022 and recv SDP information 2036 at a step 9005 to then transmit the generated session information request succeeded response to the SOAP control unit 2101 at the step S27. The SOAP control unit 2101 receives the session information request succeeded response to transmit an SOAP getCallSessionInformationResponse (session information request succeeded response) to the Web server 1 at the step S28 and a step 9006. The SOAP getCallSessionInformationResponse contains the session ID, URI, call condition and recv SDP information in the received session information request succeeded response, which is generated in accordance with the SOAP.

In addition, if the session ID contained in the received session information request is unregistered at the step 9002, the 3PCC module unit 2102 generates a session information request failed response (error response message) at a step 9007 to transmit the generated session information request failed response to the SOAP control unit 2101. The SOAP control unit 2101 receives the session information request failed response to transmit, to the Web server 1, the SOAP getCallSessionInformationResponse indicating that the session information request is failed, at the step 9006.

The Web server 1 receives the SOAP getCallSessionInformationResponse to refer to the call condition contained in the received SOAP getCallSessionInformationResponse, therefore, the condition of session, indicating whether a requested communication is realized, can be confirmed. When the call is ended from the terminal, the call condition becomes "Call-ParticipantsTerminated (termination condition)", and the Web server 1 can determine that the call is terminated from the terminal A5b or B5c. For example, when the call condition is not normal, the Web server 1 may stop the communication by using an after-mentioned SOAP endCallSession-Request.

FIG. 14 is a sequence diagram for explaining a procedure at a time of receiving the call participant information request in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment. FIG. 10 is a 25 flowchart for explaining an operation at a time of receiving the call participant information request in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment.

Referring to FIG. 14 and FIG. 10, an operation for acquiring the call participant information by the Web server 1 will 30 be described below. Here, user information corresponding to the designated SIP-URI can be acquired. The process at steps S31 to S34 in FIG. 14 corresponds to that at the abovementioned steps S12-1 to S12-4.

The Web server 1 transmits an SOAP getCallPartici- 35 pantsInformationRequest (call participant information request) to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 at a step S35. The SOAP getCallParticipantsInformationRequest contains the session ID and URI of the call participant information to be acquired. Specifically, the Web server 1 generates the session ID stored 40 at the above-mentioned step S4 and the SOAP getCallSessionInfomrationRequest containing the SIP-URI of the desired call participant to transmit to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2, for example. As one example, the Web server 1 may select the session ID of the call information to be acquired on the basis 45 of the user operation and the user identifier (user ID, for example, user ID corresponding to the user who uses terminals Mb and B5c) from the terminal 5a. In addition, Web server 1 can acquire the SIP-URI corresponding to the entered user identifier (user ID) by searching the telephone book table 50 2410 in which the user identifier (user ID) and SIP-URI of its user are stored correspondingly with each other.

The SOAP-SIP adapter 2 searches the session information table 2010 held in the SAO-SIP adapter 2 by using the session ID contained in the SOAP getCallParticipantsInformationRequest as a key to specify the table information of the corresponded session ID 2011. The SOAP-SIP adapter 2 further searches the call participant information table 2020 by using the SIP-URI contained in the SOAP getCallParticipantsInformationRequest as a key to transmit an SOAP getCallParticipantsInformationResponse containing the table information corresponding to the corresponded SIP-URI 2021 at steps S36 to S38. An operation of the steps S36 to S38 in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 will be described below.

The SOAP control unit **2101** in SOAP-SIP adapter **2** 65 receives the SOAP getCallParticipantsInformationRequest to transmit the call participant information request to the 3PCC

module unit 2102 at the step S36. This call participant information request contains the session ID and SIP-URI in the SOAP getCallParticipantsInformationRequest. The 3PCC module unit 2102 receives the call participant information request at the step 1001 to search the session ID 2011 in the session information table 2010 on the basis of the session ID contained in the received call participant information request at the step 1002. If the session ID contained in the received call participant information request is already registered in the session information table 2010, the session information is specified by the corresponded session ID 2011 at the step 1003. The 3PCC module unit 2102 searches the URI 2021 in the call participant information table (call participant condition) 2020 corresponding to the corresponded session ID 2011 on the basis of the SIP-URI contained in the received call participant information request at the step 1004. If the SIP-URI contained in the received call participant information request is already registered, the 3PCC module unit 2102 acquires the call condition 2022 corresponding to the corresponded URI 2021, at the step 1005. The 3PCC module unit 2102 also refers to the To URI 2038 in the terminal information table 2030 on the basis of the SIP-URI contained in the received call participant information request to acquire the corresponded recv SDP information 2036.

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The 3PCC module unit 2102 generates the call participant information request succeeded response containing the acquired call condition 2022 and recv SDP information 2036 at the step 1006 to transmit the generated call participant information request succeeded response to the SOAP control unit 2101 at the step S37. The SOAP control unit 2101 receives the call participant information request succeeded response to transmit the SOAP getCallParticipantsInformationResponse (call participant information request succeeded response) to the Web server 1 at the step S38 and the step 1007. The SOAP getCallParticipantsInformationResponse contains the URI, call condition and recv SDP information in the received call participant information request succeeded response, which is generated in accordance with the SOAP.

In addition, if the session ID contained in the received call participant information request is unregistered at the step 1002 and the SIP-URI contained in the received call participant information request is unregistered at the step 1004, the 3PCC module unit 2102 generates the call participant information request failed response (error response message) at the step 1008 to transmit the generated call participant information request failed response to the SOAP control unit 2101. The SOAP control unit 2101 receives the call participant information request failed response to transmit the SOAP getCallParticipantsInformationResponse, indicating that the call participant information request is failed, to the Web server 1 at the step 1007.

FIG. 15 is a sequence diagram for explaining a procedure at a time of receiving a call end request in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment. FIG. 11 is a flowchart for explaining an operation at a time of receiving the call end request in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 in the embodiment.

An operation, when the Web server 1 ends the call, will be described with reference to FIG. 15 and FIG. 11. The process at steps S41 to S44 in FIG. 15 corresponds to that at the above-mentioned steps S12-1 to S12-4.

The Web server 1 transmits an SOAP endCallSessionRequest (call end request) to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 at a step S45. The SOAP endCallSessionRequest contains the session ID of the call to be ended. More specifically, the Web server 1 generates the SOAP endCallSessionRequest containing the session ID stored at the above-mentioned step S4 to transmit to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2. As one example, the Web server

1 may select the session ID of the call to be ended, from the session ID stored at the above-mentioned step S4 by the terminal 5a

The SOAP-SIP adapter **2** searches the session information table **2010** held in the SOAP-SIP adapter **2** by using the 5 session ID contained in the SOAP endCallSessionRequest as a key to specify the terminals **5***b* or **5***c* to be shut down from the table information of the corresponded session ID **2011** and shut down the terminal **5***b* and/or **5***c* at steps **S46** to **S56**. A detailed operation of the steps **S46** to **S56** in the SOAP-SIP 10 adapter **2** will be described below.

The SOAP control unit 2101 in SOAP-SIP adapter 2 receives the SOAP endCallSessionRequest (call end request) to transmit the call end request to the 3PCC module unit 2102 at the step S46. This call end request contains the session ID in the SOAP endCallSessionRequest. The 3PCC module unit 2102 receives the call end request at a step 1101 to search the session ID 2011 in the session information table 2010 on the basis of the session ID contained in the received call end request at a step 1102.

If the session ID contained in the received call end request is already registered in the session information table 2010, the 3PCC module unit 2102 generates a call end request succeeded response at a step 1109 to transmit the generated call end request succeeded response to the SOAP control unit 25 2101 at the step S47. The SOAP control unit 2101 receives the call end request succeeded response to transmit an SOAP endCallSessionReponse (call end request succeeded response) to the Web server 1 at the step S48 and a step 1110. In addition, an only succeeded response may be transmitted to 30 the Web server 1 other than the SOAP endCallSessionReponse.

The session information is specified by the corresponded session ID 2011 to specify the two parties (here, terminals A5b, B5c) on the telephone call at a step 1103. For example, 35 the 3PCC module unit 2102 refers to the call participant information table 2020 corresponding to the session ID contained in the received call end request to acquire the SIP-URI 2021 of the terminals A5 b. B5c. The media stream control unit 2103 stops the media stream transfer at a step 1104. In 40 addition, a media stream transfer stop request may be transmitted from the 3PCC module unit 2102 to the media stream control unit 2103.

The 3PCC module unit 2102 transmits a shut-down request (A) containing the acquired SIP-URI to the SIP control unit 45 2104 in accordance with one of the acquired SIP-URIs at the step S49 and a step 1105. The SIP control unit 2104 receives the shut-down request (A) to transmit a BYE message (A) of the SIP to the terminal A5b, as set the SIP-URI contained in the received shut-down request (A) to the To URI at the step 50 S50.

Likewise, the 3PCC module unit 2102 transmits a shutdown request (B) containing the acquired SIP-URI to the SIP control unit 2104 in accordance with the other of the acquired SIP-URIs at the step S51 and a step 1106. The SIP control unit 55 2104 receives the shut-down request (B) to transmit a BYE message (B) to the terminal B5c, as set the SIP-URI contained in the received shut-down request (B) to the To URI at the step S52.

The terminal A5b transmits the 200 OK (A) for the BYE 60 message (A) received at the step S50 to the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 at the step S53. The SIP control unit 2104 in the SOAP-SIP adapter 2 receives the 200 OK (A) to transmit a shut-down completion notification (A) to the 3PCC module unit 2102 at the step S54 and a step 1107.

Likewise, the terminal B5c transmits a 200 OK (B) for the BYE message (B) received at the step S52 to the SOAP-SIP

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adapter 2, at the step S55. The SIP control unit 2104 in SOAP-SIP adapter 2 receives the 200 OK (B) to transmit a shut-down completion notification (B) to the 3PCC module unit 2102 at the step S56 and a step 1108.

In addition, if the session ID contained in the received call end request is unregister at the step 1102, the 3PCC module unit 2102 generates a call end request failed response (error response message) at a step 1111 to transmit the generated call end request failed response to the SOAP control unit 2101. The SOAP control unit 2101 receives the call end request failed response to transmit a SOAP endCallSession-Response indicating that the call end request is failed, to the Web server 1 at the step 1110.

FIG. 19 is a flowchart for explaining an operation of referring to the telephone book data, outgoing call history data and incoming call history data by the Web server 1.

The user who uses the 3PCC service accesses to and logs in the Web server 1 from the terminal 5a etc., for example. The processing unit 100 in Web server 1 searches at least one of the telephone book table, outgoing call history information table and incoming call history information table by using the user ID accepted the log-in as a key. As a result of the search, data (data group) corresponding to one user ID is extracted from each of the tables. The data (data group) extracted from the each of the tables is transmitted to the terminal 5a. Here, this embodiment has described such that the Web server 1 commands to the terminal 5a so as to transmit the data (data group) and display the data group, the data group is therefore displayed on the terminal 5a.

The logged in user having the user ID 2412 in the telephone book table 2410 can refer to the corresponded telephone book data, outgoing call history data, and incoming call history data. A display method is that a tab corresponding to pieces of data is used to be referred by a single window, for example.

FIG. 16 is a flowchart for explaining an operation of generating an outgoing call history in the Web server. If the response (makeCallSessionResponse) is received in Step 2601, it is registered into the outgoing call history information table in Step 2602.

FIG. 17 is a flowchart for explaining an operation of generating an incoming call history in the Web server. If the event notification request is received in Step 2701, the terminal information table is searched by using Correlator as key in Step 2702 while the event notification response is transmitted in Step 2703. If the Correlator in Step 2702 is registered, the user ID is acquired in Step 2704. If the Correlator in Step 2702 is not registered, no process is performed in Step 2709. After acquiring the user ID in Step 2704, the outgoing call history information table is searched by using session ID as key in Step 2705. If the Correlator in Step 2705 is registered, the received To URI is compared with the transmission destination address in Step 2706. If these are matched in Step 2706, the call source address is acquired in Step 2707 and further it is registered in the incoming call history information table is Step 2708. If the Correlator in Step 2705 is not registered or if these are not matched in Step 2706, no process is performed

FIG. 18 is a flowchart for explaining an operation at a time of generating the incoming call history in the Web server. If the event notification request is received in Step 2801, the terminal information table is searched by using Correlator as key in Step 2802 while the event notification response is transmitted in Step 2803. If the Correlator in Step 2802 is registered, the user ID is acquired in Step 2804. If the Correlator in Step 2802 is not registered, no process is performed in Step 2812. After acquiring the user ID in Step 2804, the outgoing call history information table is searched by using

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session ID as key in Step 2805. If the Correlator in Step 2805 is registered, the received To URI is compared with the transmission destination address in Step 2806. If these are matched in Step 2806, the call source address is acquired in Step 2807. If the Correlator in Step 2805 is not registered or if these are not matched in Step 2806, no process is performed in Step 2812. After acquiring the call source address in Step 2807, the incoming call history information table is searched by using session ID as key in Step 2809. If the session ID is registered in Step 2809, the incoming call history information table is updated in Step 2810. If the session ID is not registered in Step 2809, the session ID is registered in the incoming call history information table in Step 2811.

FIG. 19 is a flowchart for explaining an operation of referring pieces of data of the telephone book, outgoing call history and incoming call history in the Web server. In Step 2901, after logging in the Web server, it is checked as whether the login is succeeded or failed. If failed, the process in Step 2901 is repeated. If succeeded, the telephone book, the outgoing call history and the incoming call history are displayed in Step 2902

FIG. 20A shows a display example of the telephone book displaying information regarding the logged in user. FIG. 20B shows a display example of the outgoing call history, that is, the outgoing call history of the logged in user is displayed for every session by combining the call destination, outgoing call time and call destination display address, for example. FIG. 20C shows a display example of the incoming call history, that is, the incoming call history of the logged in user is displayed for every session by combining the call source, incoming call time and call source display address, for example.

An application may be provided such that the Web server 1 transmits the data (data group) extracted from every table to $_{35}$ the terminal 5a, and the terminal 5a can display only the information, designated by the user, selected from the pieces of data (data group).

In addition, the registration, deletion and edition in the telephone book and the name **2413**, phonetic symbol **2414** and address **2415** in the telephone book table **2410**, may be updated by a GUI screen of the terminal **5***a*.

It should be further understood by those skilled in the art that although the foregoing description has been made on embodiments of the invention, the invention is not limited 45 thereto and various changes and modifications may be made without departing from the spirit of the invention and the scope of the appended claims.

The invention clamed is:

- 1. A communication system comprising one or more computers configured with:
 - a server; and
 - a communication device configured to communicate with the server and set a connection with a plurality of terminals, the communication device comprising:
 - a control unit configured to process a session connection process of a session with a call source terminal and a call destination terminal by a connection request received from the server for connecting to the call 60 source terminal and the call destination terminal, and the server comprising:
 - a memory configured to store an outgoing call history information for managing an outgoing call history of a terminal of the plurality of terminals and an incoming call history information for managing an incoming call history of the terminal, and

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a control unit configured to:

update an absence incoming call flag which is included in the incoming call history information of the call destination terminal to an incoming call condition after processing the session connection process, wherein the incoming call history information is configured to be managed by the server;

receive information of an incoming call of the call destination terminal corresponding to a user ID of a user using the terminal;

register an absence incoming call information as an absence incoming call condition with an incoming call history of the user ID corresponding to the call destination terminal on the basis of a connection succeeded notification sent from the call destination terminal; and

turn the absence incoming call condition of the incoming call history into a normal incoming call condition on the basis of a connection response notification sent from the communication device, the connection response notification being based on the connection succeeded notification.

2. The communication system according to claim 1,

wherein the memory of the server is configured to manage both the outgoing call history information and the incoming call history information associated with the user ID of the user who uses the terminal,

wherein the control unit of the server is configured to:

register a call source terminal information which is included in a first response of the connection request for connecting to the call source terminal with the outgoing call history information and register the user ID of the user who uses the call source terminal with the outgoing call history information, when the server receives the first response from the communication device, and

- register the call source terminal information acquired from the outgoing call history information with the incoming call history information and register the user ID of the user who uses the call source terminal with the incoming call history information, when the server receives a second response of the connection request for connecting to the call destination terminal from the communication device.
- 3. The communication system according to claim 1, wherein the call destination terminal comprises:
 - a control unit configured to log in the server with the user ID of the user who uses the call destination terminal, and receive the incoming call history information associated with the user ID used to log in the server.
- 4. The communication system according to claim 3,
- wherein a display unit of the call destination terminal is configured to display an incoming call condition of the incoming call associated with established session between the communication device and the call destination terminal, and display an absence condition of the incoming call associated with un-established session between the communication device and the call destination terminal, based on the received incoming call history information associated with the user ID.
- **5**. A terminal for setting a connection with a communication device by the communication device which communicates with a server and receives a connection request from the server, the terminal comprising:
 - a control unit configured to log in the server with a user ID of a user who uses the terminal, and receive an incoming call history information associated with the user ID used to log in the server,

wherein the incoming call history information is configured to be managed by the server, and wherein the server is configured to:

receive information of an incoming call of a call destination terminal corresponding to the user ID of the user 5 using the terminal;

register an absence incoming call information as an absence incoming call condition with the incoming call history of the user ID corresponding to the call destination terminal on the basis of a connection succeeded notification sent from the call destination terminal; and

turn the absence incoming call condition of the incoming call history into a normal incoming call condition on the basis of a connection response notification sent from the communication device, the connection response notification being based on the connection succeeded notification.

6. The terminal according to claim 5,

wherein a display unit is configured to display an incoming call condition of the incoming call associated with established session between the communication device and the terminal, and display an absence condition of an incoming call associated with un-established session between the communication device and the terminal, based on the received incoming call history information 25 associated with the user.

7. The terminal according to claim 5,

wherein the terminal is a call destination terminal.

8. The terminal according to claim 7,

wherein the incoming call history information includes an ³⁰ absence incoming call flag,

wherein the absence incoming call flag indicates an absence incoming call condition during processing a session connection process between the communication device and the call destination terminal, or indicates an incoming call condition after processing the session connection process between the communication device and the call destination terminal.

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9. The terminal according to claim 5,

wherein said terminal is configured to refer to the incoming call history information which registers the incoming call history, of the call destination terminal, associated with the user ID of the user who uses the call destination terminal, as a trigger for a call process of the call destination terminal.

10. The terminal according to claim 5,

wherein the session connection process establishes a session between the call source terminal and the call destination terminal.

11. The terminal according to claim 10, wherein,

when the server receives, from the communication device, a connection notification based on a ringing notification, which rings to the call source terminal, transmitted from the call destination terminal to the server,

said terminal is configured to refer to the incoming call history information which has an address of the call source terminal registered in the incoming call history, of the user ID corresponding to the call source terminal, which has the absence incoming call flag updated to an absence incoming call condition, based on the connection notification.

12. The terminal according to claim 5,

wherein said terminal is configured to refer to telephone book information corresponding to the user ID used to log in the server, of telephone book information which is managed by the server and to store a telephone number of the terminal which is associated with a user ID of a user who uses the terminal.

13. The terminal according to claim 5,

wherein the terminal is configured to refer to outgoing call history information corresponding to the user ID used to log in the server, of outgoing call history information which is managed by the server and to store a telephone number of the terminal associated with a user ID of a user who uses the terminal.

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